Rehabilitation for Cancer-Related Cognitive Changes

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Learning Outcomes

- Background of occupational therapy role, oncology setting and Cancer-Related Cognitive Changes (CRCC)
- How healthcare professionals can support people experiencing CRCC
- Cognitive rehabilitation strategies used with service users and their relatives/carers

Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre

- Largest centre in Scotland for specialist non-surgical oncology
- Serves population of over 2.8 million
 151 inpatient beds





Occupational Therapy and Oncology

Rehabilitation within Oncology:

"Aims to restore, as far as possible, a person's roles and functions whether affected by physical or mental ill health and help them adjust to limitations where required."



National Cancer Action Team (2013)



Royal College of Occupational Therapists

Cancer-Related Cognitive Changes

 Sometimes referred to as "chemo fog" or "chemo brain"



- More common with higher dose chemo/whole brain radiotherapy
- Key strategies:
 - Compensatory
 - Normalisation
 - Acceptance

"This information about CRCC is ME!!! Exactly ME!!! Thank heavens, I really thought I had lost my marbles!"

Contributory Factors

Fatigue/low mood/anxiety

Depression is a common cause of neurocognitive dysfunction

Screening tests for neurocognitive dysfunction can be useful but should be interpreted with care



Evidence

- Research is ongoing in a developing area
- It is estimated more than 75% of older adults with a cancer diagnosis experience CRCC
- Approx 25% of cancer survivors over 65 years continue to experience CRCC up to
 20 years post treatment





Twin Comparison Study







Twin A – completed chemotherapy for Breast Ca







Twin B – no history of Ca

Image taken from: Ferguson, R et al. J Clin Oncol. 2007 Sep 1; 25(25): 3866–3870.

CRCC Project Beatson

- Provide training to health, social care and 3rd sector colleagues to raise awareness of CRCC
- Compile information booklets/resources for use in community, acute and primary care settings, outlining specific cognitive rehabilitation strategies relevant to CRCC
- 6-week group-based intervention for patients presenting with CRCC and their carers

Impact on Activity/Participation

- ADLs
- Driving
- Employment/Volunteer Work
- Leisure
 - Family Roles
 - Other Life Roles



Aim of Intervention

- Improve memory performance
- Joint goal setting
- Normalise
- Identify triggers/times of day/situations in which memory failures occur
- Stress reduction
- Compensatory strategies



Tips to Improve Attention

Set up the right conditions:

- Remove distractions
- Focus on one thing at a time
- Clear and concise information
- Break tasks down into smaller pieces "information chunking"
- Write things down

Memory Compensatory Strategies

- Consider the environment
- Reminders
- Diaries/calendars/notebooks (either paper or electronic) or mobile phone apps



Learning New Information

Make it as easy as possible:

- Remove distractions
- Repetition helps learning, repeat the information as much as possible

Tricks and strategies:

Rhymes, rules or stories can help memory





Making associations with something meaningful or forming visual images can help

Case Study

- 71 year old male
- Recent diagnosis Myeloma



- Chemotherapy, neutropenic isolated to single side-room
- Cognitive changes reported
- During admission memory exercises, activity participation intervention for social isolation and mood/motivation, compensatory strategies for both pt and family, daily journal
- Post-treatment follow-up at out-pt clinic, 3rd sector support

Responding to Cognitive Support Needs

Tie

Tier 2

Tier 1 Informal Conversational e.g.'normalising' As part of HNA Information giving Screening Signposting Support processing of experiences in broader context of survivorship

Psychoeducation for anxiety

CBT approach for increasing resilience

Clinical assessment Formulation of presenting issues

Tier 4

Cognitive rehab intervention

Resources

The Knowledge Network - Cancer Rehabilitation: AHP Services and Best Practice http://www.knowledge.scot.nhs.uk/cancerrehab.aspx

"Information on Cancer-related Cognitive Changes" and NHS GG&C Clinical Psychology videos:

http://www.knowledge.scot.nhs.uk/cancerrehab/resourceslibrary/search-resources.aspx?q=&tagname=%2cchemo+brain

Thanks for Listening

Any Questions?

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